CHAPTER 13
RECYCLING

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13.01 Title. Recycling Ordinance for Vilas County

13.02 Purpose. The purpose of this ordinance is to promote recycling, composting, and resource recovery through the administration of an effective recycling program, as provided in Chapter 287, Wis. Stats., and Chapter NR 544, Wisconsin Administrative Code.

13.03 Statutory Authority. This ordinance is adopted as authorized under §287.09(3)(b), Wis. Stats.

13.04 Abrogation and Greater Restrictions. It is not intended by this ordinance to repeal, abrogate, annul, impair or interfere with any existing rules, regulations, ordinances or permits previously adopted or issued pursuant to law. However, whenever this ordinance imposes greater restriction, the provisions of this ordinance shall apply.

13.05 Interpretation. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this ordinance shall be held to be the minimum requirements and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of any other power granted by the Wisconsin Statutes. Where any terms or requirements of this ordinance may be inconsistent or conflicting, the more restrictive requirements or interpretation shall apply. Where a provision of this ordinance is required by Wisconsin Statutes, or by a standard in Chapter NR 544, Wis. Administrative Code, and where the ordinance provision is unclear, the provision shall be interpreted in light of the Wisconsin Statutes and the Chapter NR 544 standards in effect on the date of the adoption of this ordinance, or in effect on the date of the most recent text amendment to this ordinance.

13.06 Severability. Should any portion of this ordinance be declared unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this ordinance shall not be affected.

13.07 Applicability. The requirements of this ordinance apply to all persons within Vilas County.

13.08 Administration. (1) The Provisions of this ordinance shall be administered by the Towns of Arbor Vitae, Boulder Junction, Cloverland, Conover, Lac du Flambeau, Land O‘Lakes, Lincoln, Manitowish Waters, Phelps, Plum Lake, Presque Isle, St. Germain, Washington, Winchester and the City of Eagle River.
(2) Municipalities not in compliance with this ordinance may be subject to withholding of recycling grant funds from Vilas County.
(3) Each municipality within Vilas County shall designate a contact person to act as agent for the municipality under the direction of the Vilas County Solid Waste and Mining Committee with regards to county-wide recycling matters.

13.09 Effective Date. The provisions of this ordinance shall take effect on June 1, 1994.

13.10 Definitions. For the purposes of this ordinance:
(1) Bi-metal container means a container for carbonated or malt beverages that is made primarily of a combination of steel and aluminum.
(2) Container board means corrugated paperboard used in the manufacture of shipping containers and related products.
(3) Foam polystyrene packaging means packaging made primarily from foam polystyrene that satisfies one of the following criteria:
   (a) Is designed for serving food or beverages.
   (b) Consists of loose particles intended to fill space and cushion the packaged article in a shipping container.
   (c) Consists of rigid materials shaped to hold and cushion the packaged article in a shipping container.
(4) HDPE means high density polyethylene, labeled by the SPI Code #2.
(5) LDPE means low density polyethylene, labeled by the SPI Code #4.
(6) Magazine means magazines and other materials printed on similar paper.
(7) Major appliance means a residential or commercial air conditioner, clothes dryer, clothes washer, dishwasher, freezer, microwave oven, oven, refrigerator, stove, and residential or commercial furnaces, boilers, dehumidifiers and water heaters. [History: cr. 03/94-1A; rev. 8/16/94]
(8) Multiple-family dwelling means a property containing 5 or more residential units, including those which are occupied seasonally.
(9) Newspaper means a newspaper and other materials printed on newsprint.
(10) Non-residential facilities and properties means commercial, retail, industrial, institutional and governmental facilities and properties. This term does not include multiple family dwellings.
(11) Office paper means high grade printing and writing papers from offices in non-residential facilities and properties. Printed white ledger and computer printout are examples of office paper generally accepted as high grade. This term does not include industrial process waste.
(12) Other resins or multiple resins means plastic resins labeled by the SPI Code #7.
(13) Person includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association, local governmental unit, as defined in §66.0117(1)(a), Wis. Stats., state agency or authority or federal agency.
(14) PETE means polyethylene terephthalate, labeled by the SPI Code #1.
(15) Plastic container means an individual, separate, rigid plastic bottle, can, jar or carton, except for a blister pack, that is originally used to contain a product that is the subject of a retail sale.
(16) Postconsumer waste means solid waste other than solid waste generated in the production of goods, hazardous waste, as defined in §144.61(5), Wis. Stats., waste from construction and demolition of structures, scrap automobiles, or high-volume industrial waste, as defined in §144.44(7)(a)1., Wis. Stats.
(17) PP means polypropylene, labeled by the SPI Code #5.
(18) PS means polystyrene, labeled by the SPI Code #6.
(19) PVC means polyvinyl chloride, labeled by the SPI Code #3.
(20) Recyclable materials includes lead acid batteries; major appliances; waste oil; yard waste; aluminum containers; corrugated paper or other container board; foam polystyrene packaging; glass containers; magazines; newspaper; office paper; rigid plastic containers, including those made of PETE, HDPE, PVC, LDPE, PP, PS, and other resins or multiple resins; steel containers; waste tires; and bi-metal containers.
(21) Solid waste has the meaning specified in §144.01(15), Wis. Stats.
(22) Solid waste facility has the meaning specified in §144.43(5), Wis. Stats.
(23) Solid waste treatment means any method, technique or process which is designed to
change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of solid waste. Treatment includes incineration.  
(24) Waste tire means a tire that is no longer suitable for its original purpose because of wear, damage or defect. 
(25) Yard waste means leaves, grass clippings, yard and garden debris and brush, including clean woody vegetative material no greater than 6 inches in diameter. This term does not include stumps, roots or shrubs with intact root balls.

13.11 Separation of Recyclable Materials. Occupants of single family and 2 to 4 unit residences, multiple-family dwellings and non-residential facilities and properties shall separate the following materials from postconsumer waste:

(1) Lead acid batteries
(2) Major appliances
(3) Waste oil
(4) Yard waste
(5) Aluminum containers
(6) Bi-metal containers
(7) Corrugated paper or other container board
(8) Foam polystyrene packaging
(9) Glass containers
(10) Magazines
(11) Newspaper
(12) Office paper
(13) Rigid plastic containers made of PETE, HDPE, PVC, LDPRE, PP, PS, and other resins or multiple resins
(14) Steel containers
(15) Waste tires

13.12 Separation Requirements Exempted. The separation requirements of §13.11 do not apply to the following:

(1) Occupants of single family and 2 to 4 unit residences, multiple-family dwellings and non-residential facilities and properties that send their postconsumer waste to a processing facility licensed by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources that recovers the materials specified in §13.11 from solid waste in as pure a form as is technically feasible.

(2) Solid waste which is burned as a supplemental fuel at a facility if less than 30% of the heat input to the facility is derived from the solid waste burned as supplemental fuel.

(3) A recyclable material specified in §13.11(5) through (15) for which a variance has been granted by the Department of Natural Resources under §287.11(2m), Wis. Stats., or Chapter NR 544.14, Wis. Administrative Code.

13.13 Care of Separated Recyclable Materials. To the greatest extent practicable, the recyclable materials separated in accordance with §13.11 shall be clean and kept free of contaminants such as food or product residue, oil or grease, or other non-recyclable materials, including but not limited to household hazardous waste, medical waste, and agricultural chemical containers. Recyclable materials shall be stored in a manner which protects them from wind, rain and other inclement weather conditions.

13.14 Management of Lead, Acid Batteries, Major Appliances, Waste Oil, Waste Tires and Yard Waste. Occupants of single family and 2 to 4 unit residences, multiple-family dwellings and non-residential facilities and properties shall manage lead acid batteries, major appliances, waste oil, waste tires and yard waste as follows:

(1) Lead acid batteries shall be disposed of at a DNR authorized facility and/or program.

(2) Major appliances shall be disposed of at a DNR Authorized facility and/or program; however, microwave ovens may be disposed of in a landfill if and only if the capacitor has been removed.

(3) Waste oil shall be disposed of at a DNR authorized facility and/or program.

(4) Waste tires shall be disposed of at a DNR authorized facility and/or program.

(5) Yard waste shall be disposed of according to DNR regulations and/or the appropriate town or city ordinance. [History: cr. 3/94-1A; rev. 8/94-1A]

13.15 Preparation and Collection of Recyclable Materials. Except as otherwise directed by township or municipal ordinance, occupants of single family and 2 to 4 unit residences shall prepare, collect, and dispose of the separated materials specified in §13.15(5)
through (15) in accordance with the appropriate
town or city ordinance.

13.16 Responsibilities of Owners or
Designated Agents of Multiple-Family
Dwellings. (1) Unless otherwise provided for by
town or city ordinance, owners or designated
agents of multiple-family dwellings shall do all of
the following to recycle the materials
specified in §13.11(5) through (15):
(a) Provide adequate, separate containers for
the recyclable materials.
(b) Notify tenants in writing at the time of
renting or leasing the dwelling and at least semi-
annually thereafter about the established
recycling program.
(c) Provide for the collection of the materials
separated from the solid waste by the tenants
and the delivery of the materials to a recycling
facility.
(d) Notify tenants of reasons to reduce and
recycle solid waste, which materials are
collected, how to prepare materials in order
to meet the processing requirements, collection
methods or sites, locations and hours of
operation, and a contact person or company,
including a name, address and telephone
number.
(2) The requirements specified in (1) do not
apply to the owners or designated agents of non-
residential facilities and properties if the post
consumer waste generated within the facility or
property is treated at a processing facility
licensed by the Department of Natural
Resources that recovers for recycling the
materials specified in §13.11(5) through (15)
from solid waste in as pure a form as is
technically feasible.

13.17 Responsibilities of Owners or
Designated Agents of Non-Residential
Facilities and Properties. (1) Unless otherwise
provided for by town or city ordinance, owners
or designated agents of non-residential facilities
and properties shall do all of the following to
recycle the materials specified in §13.11(5)
through (15):
(a) Provide adequate, separate containers for
the recyclable materials.
(b) Notify in writing, at least semi-annually,
all users, tenants and occupants of the properties
about the established recycling program.
(c) Provide for the collection of the materials
separated from the solid waste by the users,
tenants and occupants and the delivery of the
materials to a recycling facility.
(d) Notify users, tenants and occupants of
reasons to reduce and recycle, which materials
are collected, how to prepare materials in order
to meet the processing requirements, collection
methods or sites, locations and hours of
operation, and a contact person or company,
including a name, address and telephone
number.
(2) The requirements specified in (1) do not
apply to the owners or designated agents of non-
residential facilities and properties if the post
consumer waste generated within the facility or
property is treated at a processing facility
licensed by the Department of Natural
Resources that recovers for recycling the
materials specified in §13.11(5) through (15)
from solid waste in as pure a form as is
technically feasible.

13.18 Prohibitions on Disposal of Recyclable
Materials Separated for Recycling. No person
may dispose of in a solid waste disposal facility
or burn in a solid waste treatment facility any of
the materials specified in §13.11(5) through (15)
which have been separated for recycling, except
waste tires may be burned with energy recovery
in a solid waste treatment facility.

13.19 Enforcement. (1) For the purpose of
ascertaining compliance with the provisions of
this ordinance, any authorized officer, employee
or representative of Vilas County may inspect
recyclable materials separated for recycling,
postconsumer waste intended for disposal,
recycling collections sites and facilities,
collection vehicles, collection areas of multiple-
family dwellings and non-residential facilities
and properties, and any records relating to
recycling activities, which shall be kept
confidential when necessary to protect
proprietary information. No person may refuse
access to any authorized officer, employee or
authorized representative of Vilas County who
requests access for purposes of inspection, and
who presents appropriate credentials. No person may obstruct, hamper, or interfere with such an inspection.

(2) Any person who violates a provision of this ordinance may be issued a citation by Vilas County to collect forfeitures. The issuance of a citation shall not preclude proceeding under any other ordinance or law relating to the same or any other matter. Proceeding under any other ordinance or law relating to the same or any other matter shall not preclude the issuance of a citation under this paragraph.

(3) Any person who violates a provision of this ordinance may be required to forfeit $50 for a first violation, $200 for a second violation, and not more than $2,000 for a third or subsequent violation. [History: cr. Chap 1, 3/94-1A; Chap 1 repealed & recreated as Chap 13, 6/04-3A]